

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L2	3	(("5706348") or ("5812557") or ("6834040")).PN.	USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:00
L3	1	2 and carrier	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:03
L4	451	((toner or data) near2 packet) and carrier).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:04
L5	39125	((toner or data) near2 packet) and carrier and cable or wire).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:05
L6	40	((toner or data) near2 packet) and carrier and (cable or wire)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:05
L7	8	((toner or data) near2 packet) and (carrier adj (signal or frequency)) and (cable or wire)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:06
L8	17	((toner or data) near2 packet) and (carrier adj (signal or frequency)) and (cable or wire)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	ON	2007/03/30 17:05
L9	0	((toner or data) near2 packet) and (carrier adj (signal or frequency)) and (cable or wire) and (sync or synchronization)).clm.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:07
L10	357	((toner or data) near2 packet) and (carrier adj (signal or frequency)) and (cable or wire) and (sync or synchronization))	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:07
L11	4	((toner or data) near2 packet) and (carrier adj (signal or frequency)) and ((cable or wire) near2 test\$3) and (sync or synchronization))	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:08
L12	1	11 and "455"	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/30 17:09

A large, hand-drawn oval bubble contains handwritten text. The text appears to read "Search forward" and "Search back".

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S1	5	("20030071634" "5378992" "5894223" "5914608" "6798183").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:23
S2	53	(CABLE WITH TEST\$4).TI. AND TONE	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:11
S3	0	(CABLE WITH TEST\$4).TI. AND TONE ADJ PACKET	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:11
S4	1	(CABLE WITH TEST\$4).CLM. AND TONE ADJ PACKET	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:11
S5	0	(CABLE WITH TEST\$4).AB. AND TONE ADJ PACKET	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:12
S6	1	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TONE ADJ PACKET	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:14
S7	2	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TONER	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:16
S8	1	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TONER	FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:18
S9	17	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$5	FPRS; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:18
S10	74	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:19
S11	43	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4 AND DATA	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:20
S12	2	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4 AND DATA AND CARRIER ADJ SIGNAL	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:22
S13	5	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4 AND DATA AND LOCATE	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:24
S14	20	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4 AND DATA AND ISOLATE	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:25

EAST Search History

S15	1	(CABLE NEAR2 TEST\$4) WITH TON\$4 AND DATA AND CABLE ADJ ISOLATE	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/09/19 18:25
S16	50	("20050068056" "3882287" "4412177" "5914608" "6707305" "20030071634" "20040184620" "4939969" "5887051" "7026803" "20040135570" "5193108" "5504811" "4393491" "5352984" "4277740" "4370610" "4518911" "4788710" "4980887" "5307398" "5548820" "5621600" "5883573" "5889835" "5969833" "6118975" "6411680" "4445086" "4812752" "4933962" "5672964" "5714885" "5712897" "3886321" "4028492" "4251691" "4381610" "4468999" "4506116" "4609789" "4814883" "4862088" "4868900" "4955053" "5238006" "5243424" "5281219" "5389729" "5563938").pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:23
S17	50	(US-20050068056-\$ or US-20030071634-\$ or US-20040184620-\$ or US-20040135570-\$).did. or (US-3882287-\$ or US-4412177-\$ or US-5914608-\$ or US-6707305-\$ or US-4939969-\$ or US-5887051-\$ or US-7026803-\$ or US-5193108-\$ or US-5504811-\$ or US-4393491-\$ or US-5352984-\$ or US-4277740-\$ or US-4370610-\$ or US-4518911-\$ or US-4788710-\$ or US-4980887-\$ or US-5307398-\$ or US-5548820-\$ or US-5621600-\$ or US-5883573-\$ or US-5889835-\$ or US-5969833-\$ or US-6118975-\$ or US-6411680-\$ or US-4445086-\$ or US-4812752-\$). did. or (US-4933962-\$ or US-5672964-\$ or US-5714885-\$ or US-5712897-\$ or US-3886321-\$ or US-4028492-\$ or US-4251691-\$ or US-4381610-\$ or US-4468999-\$ or US-4506116-\$ or US-4609789-\$ or US-4814883-\$ or US-4862088-\$ or US-4868900-\$ or US-4955053-\$ or US-5238006-\$ or US-5243424-\$ or US-5281219-\$ or US-5389729-\$ or US-5563938-\$).did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:57
S18	1	"20050068056"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:39

EAST Search History

S19	0	detecting with tone with troubleshooting with tracing with communications with cabl\$4	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:40
S20	0	detecting with tone with troubleshooting with tracing with communications with cabl\$4	USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:40
S21	1	detecting with tone with troubleshooting with tracing with communications with cabl\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:41
S22	0	detecting with tone with troubleshooting with tracing with communications with cabl\$4	FPRS	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:41
S23	1	detecting with tone with troubleshooting with tracing with communications with cabl\$4	EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:41
S24	1	detecting with tone with communications with cabl\$4	EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:41
S25	5	detecting with tone with communications with cabl\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:48
S26	5	("20030071634" "5378992" "5894223" "5914608" "6798183").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; FPRS	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:48
S27	1	("2003/0071634").URPN.	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:50
S28	3	"6707305"	USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:50
S29	9	("4922516" "5025466" "5193108" "5703928").PN. OR ("5887051").URPN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:51
S30	6	"5887051"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2006/11/01 16:52
S31	15	S17 and carrier	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:58
S32	1	S17 and quanta	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 16:58
S33	3	S17 and carrier and sync\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 17:22
S34	3	S17 and carrier and sync\$4 and data	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 17:42
S35	3	S17 and carrier and sync\$4 and data and mode	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/01 17:42
S36	5	("20030071634" "5378992" "5894223" "5914608" "6798183").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 15:04

EAST Search History

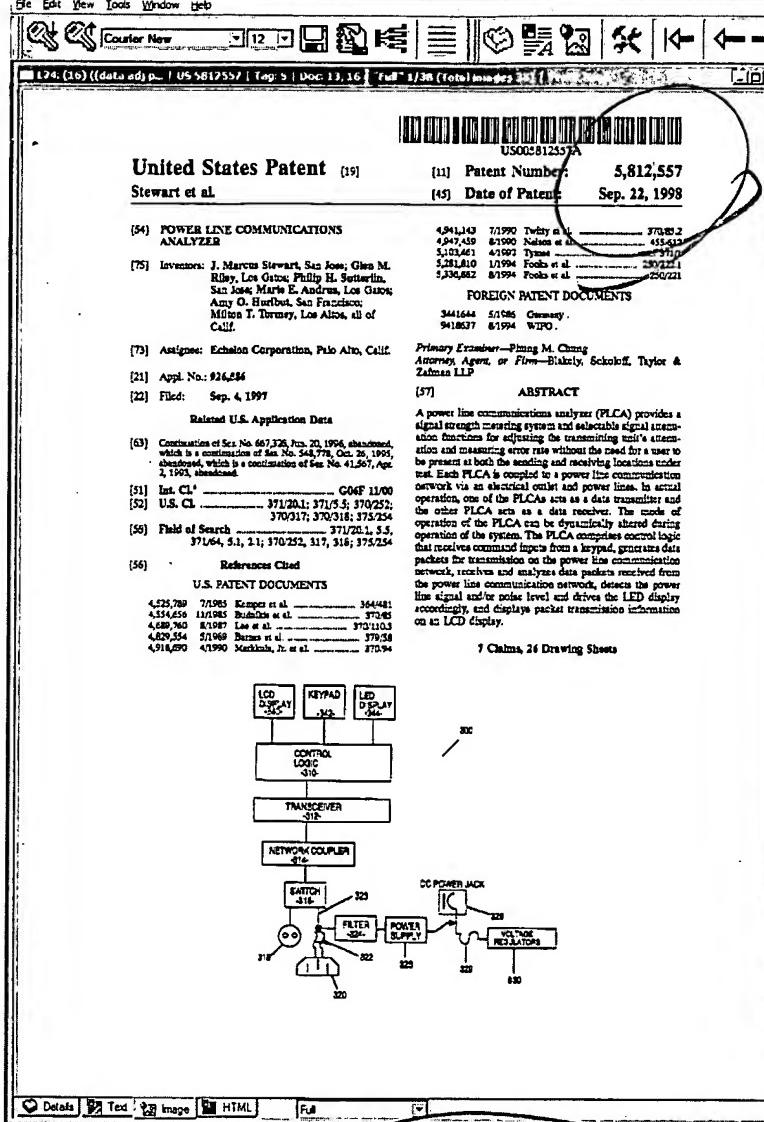
S37	20	(US-20050068056-\$ or US-20030071634-\$ or US-20040184620-\$ or US-20030218578-\$).did. or (US-6982557-\$ or US-6437580-\$ or US-5548820-\$ or US-4970466-\$ or US-6980007-\$ or US-5193108-\$ or US-4922516-\$ or US-6798183-\$ or US-4980887-\$ or US-4393491-\$ or US-4864597-\$ or US-6707305-\$ or US-3891811-\$ or US-5887051-\$ or US-7127041-\$ or US-5025466-\$). did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 16:24
S38	0	S37 and synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 16:25
S39	0	S37 and syncroniz\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 16:25
S40	3	S37 and synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 16:25
S41	20	(US-20030071634-\$ or US-20040184620-\$ or US-20030218578-\$ or US-20050068056-\$).did. or (US-4393491-\$ or US-7127041-\$ or US-6982557-\$ or US-6980007-\$ or US-6798183-\$ or US-6707305-\$ or US-6437580-\$ or US-5548820-\$ or US-5193108-\$ or US-5025466-\$ or US-3891811-\$ or US-4980887-\$ or US-4970466-\$ or US-4922516-\$ or US-5887051-\$ or US-4864597-\$). did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 18:37
S42	1	S41 and isolate adj mode	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/11/02 18:37
S43	1	(cable adj isolate adj mode) and ((cable or wire) adj test\$4)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/02 18:38
S44	1	(cable adj isolat\$4 adj mode) and ((cable or wire) adj test\$4)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/02 18:38
S45	1	(cable adj isolat\$4 adj mode)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/02 18:38
S46	1	((cable or wire) adj isolat\$4 adj mode)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2006/11/02 18:38

EAST Search History

S47	20	(US-20030218578-\$ or US-20040184620-\$ or US-20050068056-\$ or US-20030071634-\$).did. or (US-6707305-\$ or US-4864597-\$ or US-4970466-\$ or US-6982557-\$ or US-6798183-\$ or US-5887051-\$ or US-7127041-\$ or US-4980887-\$ or US-5025466-\$ or US-5193108-\$ or US-3891811-\$ or US-4393491-\$ or US-6980007-\$ or US-5548820-\$ or US-6437580-\$ or US-4922516-\$). did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2007/03/22 14:26
S48	6	S47 and carrier	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2007/03/22 17:17
S49	25511	(carrier or sync or syncroniz\$5) with ((audio or data) adj signal)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:19
S50	129	(carrier or sync or syncroniz\$5) with ((audio or data) adj signal) with test\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:20
S51	42	((carrier or sync or syncroniz\$5) with ((audio or data) adj signal) with test\$4).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:22
S52	0	((carrier and sync) with ((audio or data) adj signal) with test\$4).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:23
S53	0	((carrier and sync) and ((audio or data) adj signal) with test\$4).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:23
S54	2	((carrier and sync) and ((audio or data) adj signal) and test\$4).clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:24
S55	0	(tone adj phase) same (synchronization adj phase)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:25
S56	0	(tone adj phase) and (synchronization adj phase)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:25
S57	9	(tone adj phase) and (synchronization adj phase)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:25
S58	4	(tone adj phase) same (synchronization adj phase)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:27
S59	3072	(tone) same (synchronization)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:27
S60	1574	(tone) with (synchronization)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:27
S61	3	((tone) with (synchronization)) and (cable adj test\$4)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 17:52
S62	6	("3904839" "4251766").PN. OR ("4518911").URPN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/03/22 17:51

EAST Search History

S63	1	S62 and synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:04
S64	1	S62 and synchroniz\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:02
S65	13	("5406635" "5475711" "5864602" "6177801").PN. OR ("6445773"). URPN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/03/22 18:03
S66	2	S65 and synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:07
S67	55	("20020001287" "20020118766" "20030066005" "20030105997" "4841526" "5399891" "5479447" "5511079" "5600663" "5677927" "5699365" "5699369" "5737337" "5742640" "5751741" "5828677" "5852633" "5896391" "5907563" "5946346" "6002671" "6005893" "6034996" "6064692" "6072779" "6075821" "6088387" "6088390" "6092230" "6101223" "6128763" "6130882" "6163766" "6222888" "6236674" "6249543" "6317435" "6353627" "6363109" "6370669" "6441931" "6445773" "6449288" "6459678" "6477669" "6487316" "6493402" "6516027" "6529558" "6571089" "6574769" "6598188" "6611564" "6625777" "6690676").PN. OR ("7103096"). URPN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/03/22 18:06
S68	15	S67 and synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:37
S69	1787	(data adj packet) with synchronization	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:37
S70	16	((data adj packet) with synchronization) with test\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:39
S71	1	((data adj packet) with synchronization) with test\$4 and "455"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:47
S72	16	((data adj packet) with synchronization) with test\$4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/03/22 18:47



US-PAT-NO: 5812557
DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5812557 A
TITLE: Power line communications analyzer

Detailed Description Text - DETX (25):

Referring to FIG. 6, the first part of the PLCA MAIN LOOP is illustrated. In this part of the main loop, the PLCA logic checks for any control messages that may have been received from a remote PLCA. These control messages comprise a start message, a synchronization message, a stop/pause message, a test status request message, and a mode or attenuation change message. It will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that other types of control messages can be provided. Starting at decision block 670, the PLCA checks for a start message. A start message is generated by a remote receiver PLCA when a remote user activates a start key on the remote PLCA keypad. In this case, the attenuation level is sent by the remote PLCA in the start message. The local PLCA updates the local attenuation level as specified by the remote PLCA in processing block 673. The local PLCA then jumps to the processing logic starting at the bubble labeled TSTART illustrated in FIG. 15 where a transmitter start sequence is initiated. If a synchronization message is received, processing path 678 in FIG. 6 is taken to the bubble labeled H illustrated in FIG. 20. The synchronization message is used to prepare a receiver PLCA for the reception of test data packets from a transmitter PLCA.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (39):

In processing block 818, a synchronization message is sent by the transmit analyzer to a receive analyzer coupled somewhere out on powerline communication network 150. The synchronization message is intended to notify a receive analyzer that data packet transmission is about to begin in a new test sequence. The transmitter also forwards the current transmitter attenuation level to the receiver PLCA. The transmit analyzer also displays a message "communicating" on LCD display 340. An active mode is also entered in processing block 818. If the receive analyzer acknowledges receipt of the synchronization message, processing path 824 is taken to the processing block 826 where a message "remote ready" is displayed on LCD display 340. In this case, the transmit analyzer begins sending test data packets to the receive analyzer present on network 150. The data packets are continuously sent until a pause key or a stop key

				KVIC			
						analyzer	
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5706348 A	19980106	11	Use of marker packets for synchronization of	713A
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5596574 A	19970121	13	Method and apparatus for synchronizing data	370A
16	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5400338 A	19950321	8	parasitic adoption of coordinate-based addressing	370A

EFST
Search Cont.
for 10/699.617
Carrier Mar 458 KHz

L24: (16) ((data adj p... | US 5706348 | Tag: S | Doc 14/16 | "Full" 3/11 (Total images 11)) | Drawings

File Edit View Tools Window Help

Courier New 12

L24: (16) ((data adj p... | US 5706348 | Tag: S | Doc 14/16 | "Full" 3/11 (Total images 11)) | Drawings

L24: (16) ((data adj p... | US 5706348 A | Tag: S | Doc 14/16 | Format: KWC)

U.S. Patent Jan. 6, 1998 Sheet 2 of 5 5,706,348

Fig. 4

Data Field 84 (48 bytes)

Header (8 bytes)	Current Key	New Key	Random Seed	CRC
118	118	118	118	118

Fig. 6

Header (5 bytes)

Data Field (48 bytes)

Payload Type 3 bits	Cell Position Field
118	118

Fig. 8

US-PAT-NO: 5706348
DOCUMENT-: US 5706348 A
IDENTIFIER:

TITLE: Use of marker packets for synchronization of encryption/decryption keys in a data communication network

Detailed Description Text - DEX (7):

Key synchronization operations can be performed using special purpose cells, called marker cells, to notify a destination node that it is to activate a previously received decryption key. FIG. 5 is a flow chart of steps that are performed at a source node in maintaining key synchronization using either of two types of marker cells, both of which will be described in detail later. It is assumed that the source node sends data packets as part of a packet send process 60. Symbol 62 is intended to represent that the packet send process 60 operates in parallel with and asynchronously to the key synchronization process. The point of entry into the key synchronization process is a test 64 whether a key update is to occur; that is, whether a new decryption key is to be sent to a destination node to which data packets are currently being transmitted. If a key update is to occur, the new decryption key is sent to the destination node in an operation 66 using a conventional secure and reliable key exchange protocol. The specific key exchange protocol employed is not critical to the present invention. It only matters that the new key is sent to the destination node at which it is eventually to be used.

Details Text Image HTML KWC

analyzer						
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5706348 A	19980106	11	Use of marker packets for synchronization of	713/
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	'US 5596574 A	19970121	13	Method and apparatus for synchronizing data	370/
16	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5400338 A	19950321	8	Parasitic adoption of coordinate-based addressing	370/

Details Text Image HTML

L24: (16) ((data adj p... | US 6834040 | Tag: S | Doc: 11/16 | "Full" 1/13 (Total Images 13) | Front Page)

L24: (16) ((data adj p... | US 6834040 B2 | Tag: S | Doc: 11/16 | format: KWL)

United States Patent
Tomberlin

(10) Patent No.: US 6,834,040 B2
(45) Date of Patent: Dec. 21, 2004

(54) MEASUREMENT SYNCHRONIZATION METHOD FOR VOICE OVER PACKET COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(75) Inventor: Jeffrey Tomberlin, Colorado Springs, CO (US)

(73) Assignee: Agilent Technologies, Inc., Palo Alto, CA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 831 days.

(21) Appl. No. 09/784,428
(22) Filed: Feb. 15, 2001
(65) Prior Publication Data
US 2002/0110153 A1 Aug. 15, 2002

(51) Int. Cl. 1 H04L 7/00; H04L 3/06
(52) U.S. Cl. 370/241; 370/303
(58) Field of Search 370/241, 252, 370/248, 503, 507, 373/334, 362, 335

(56) References Cited
U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,365,353 A * 7/1994 Bachelder et al. 375,367
5,825,646 A * 9/1998 Wing 375,334

16 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets

11 1st SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNAL TRANSMITTED BY 1ST VOT
12 1ST SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNAL RECEIVED BY 2ND VOT
13 2ND SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNAL TRANSMITTED BY 2ND VOT
14 2ND SYNCHRONIZATION SIGNAL RECEIVED BY 1ST VOT
15 TEST SIGNAL TRANSMITTED BY 1ST VOT
16 RECORDING STARTED
17 RECORDING OF TEST SIGNAL RECEIVED BY 2ND VOT
18 RECORDING TERMINATED
19 2ND TEST SIGNAL RECEIVED BY 1ST VOT
20 RECORDING TERMINATED

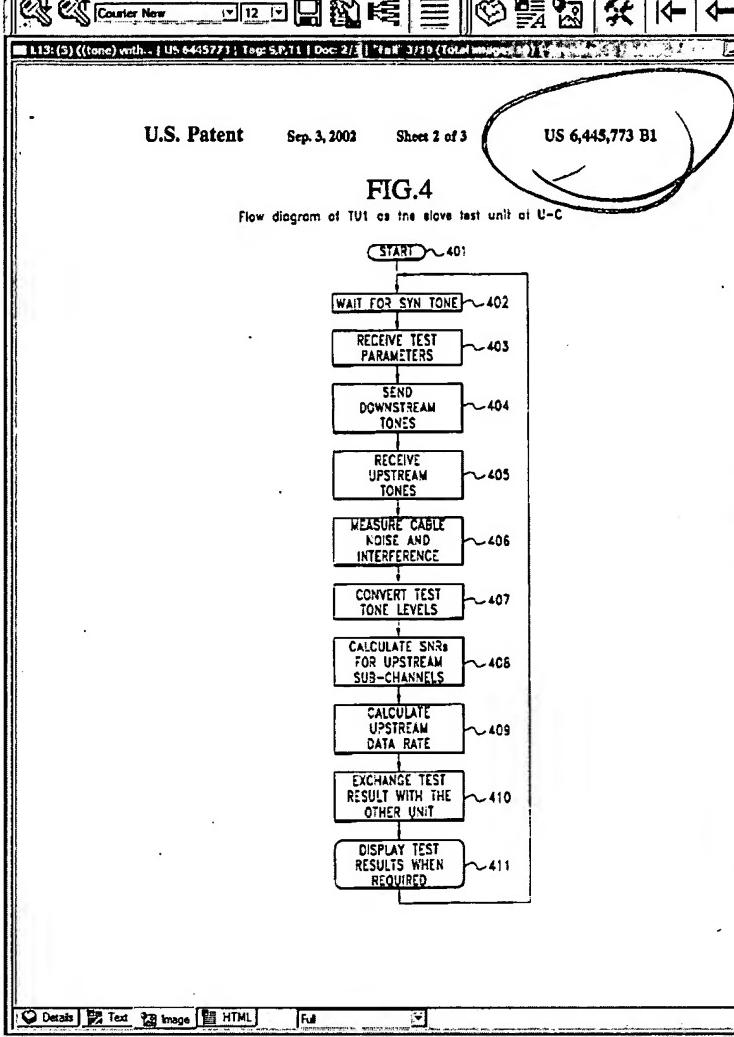
US-PAT-NO: 6834040
DOCUMENT- US 6834040 B2
IDENTIFIER:
TITLE: Measurement synchronization method for voice over packet communication systems

Claims Text - CLTX (2):

2. The method as recited in claim 1, providing the first synchronization signal, second synchronization signal, and the test signal are transmitted as a series of digitized data packets.

				KWL		
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5706348 A	19980106	11	analyzer Use of marker packets for synchronization of 713/
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5596574 A	19970121	13	Method and apparatus for synchronizing data 370/
16	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5400338 A	19950321	6	Parasitic adoption of coordinate-based addressing 370/

1st 4 2 we sync
with test



frequency to wake-up and synchronize with TU1. Then, TU2 sends a coded signal to tell TU1 the ADSL standard and various modem parameters for the test, such as performance margin, coding/loading gain, ADC resolution, upstream/downstream direction, etc. In this example, the upstream is from TU2 to TU1 and the downstream is from TU1 to TU2. TU1 will acknowledge to TU2 after being synchronized with TU2 and having decoded the test parameters. TU1 and TU2 send individual tones at the maximum power to allow the other unit to adjust its AGC setting for each sub-channel. The cable noise can be measured before receiving the tones, measured after receiving the tones or measured continuously. By converting the received signal levels to the same ones as an ADSL modem, the receiver units will calculate the SNR and the b.sub.j for each sub-channel. Such calculated SNR and b.sub.j are close to the ones which would be obtained by an ideal ADSL modem. For TU1, the theoretical maximum upstream data rate can be calculated by summing up b.sub.j times 4 kHz for all the sub-channels allocated for upstream. Similarly, TU2 can calculate the theoretical maximum downstream data rate.

Detailed Description Text - DTEX (22):

In the examples shown in FIG. 4 and FIG., before a test is initiated, TU1 is waiting at step 402 for a synchronization tone or signal to wake up. The user starts a DMT test at TU2 and inputs the test parameters, such as ADSL standard, performance margin, coding/loading gain, ADC resolution, upstream/downstream direction, etc. TU2, at step 502, first sends out a synchronization tone of voice band frequency to wake-up and synchronize with TU1 so that both units have accurate timing for the rest of the test. Then at step 503, TU2 sends a coded signal to tell TU1, at step 403, the various parameters for the test. TU1 will acknowledge to TU2 after being synchronized with TU2 and having decoded the test parameters. TU1, at step 404, sends individual downstream tones at the maximum power to allow TU2, at step 504, to adjust its AGC setting for each downstream sub-channel. TU2, at step 505, sends individual upstream tones at the maximum power to allow TU1, at step 405, to adjust its AGC setting for each upstream sub-channel. TU1, at step 406, and TU2, at step 506, measure the cable noise and interference at both ends of the cable. By converting the received upstream tone signal level, at step 407, to the same one of an ADSL modem, TU1 will calculate the SNR and b.sub.j, at step 408, for each upstream sub-channel. By converting the received downstream tone signal level, at step 507, to the same one of an ADSL modem, TU2 will calculate the SNR and b.sub.j, at step 508, for each downstream sub-channel. For TU1, at step 409, the theoretical maximum upstream data rate and practical upstream

data rate can be calculated. For TU2, the theoretical maximum downstream data rate and practical downstream data rate can be calculated.



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Sheet 1

4,518,91

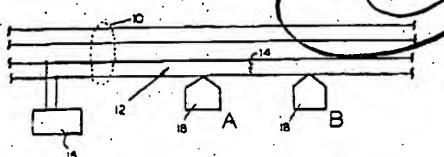


FIG. 1

Prior Ap

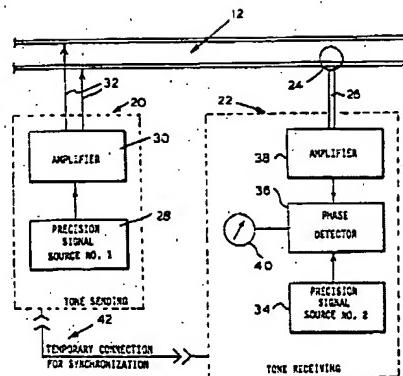


FIG. 2

Before the details of the preferred embodiment as built and tested are set forth in detail, reference should be made to FIG. 5 wherein an alternate embodiment of the present invention is shown in simplified block diagram form. The alternate embodiment of FIG. 5 comprises a tone sending portion 20' and a tone receiving portion 22'. In this embodiment, the tone sending portion still contains amplifier 30 and wires 32 for applying a tone to the two wires or two-wire pair 12 as with the previous embodiment. Likewise, the tone receiving portion 22' includes amplifier 38, phase detector 36, meter 40, and cable 26 connected to inductive sensing coil 24. As will be noted, what is missing are the precision signal sources 28, 34 and the temporary connection 42 for synchronization. Both the tone sending portion 20' and the tone receiving portion 22' in this embodiment contain an antenna 44 for receiving the signal 46 from a radio station, generally indicated as 48. The antenna 44 is connected to an RF receiver 50 which, in turn, is connected to a carrier filter 52, the output of which is fed as an input to a frequency divider 54. The output from the frequency divider 54 is used in the same manner as the output from the precision signal sources 28, 34 of the prior embodiment. The signal 46 from the radio station 48 is received by the antenna 44 in combination with the RF receiver 50. The carrier filter 52 accepts only the basic carrier frequency of the signal 46; that is, the modulation thereof containing the broadcast information is removed. The carrier frequency is then divided by the frequency divider 54 to a useful frequency for application with respect to the conductor pair 12. Since both the tone sending portion 20' and the tone receiving portion 22' are employing the identical signal, they are automatically in frequency synchronization; however, the tone phase synchronizing step previously required, while no longer strictly necessary with this embodiment, may be used to facilitate the observation of phase changes.

Detailed Description Text - DETX (11)

Turning now to FIG. 4, the tone receiving portion 22 is shown in its preferred embodiment as built and tested. Tone receiving portion 22 also contains an ovenized crystal oscillator 56. The ovenized crystal oscillator 56 of the tone receiving portion 22 does not contain the vernier frequency adjustment 58 since only one is necessary. If desired, the vernier frequency adjustment could be omitted from the oscillator 56 of the tone sending portion 20 and be incorporated within the oscillator 56 of the tone receiving portion 22. It is preferred that it be placed in the sending portion 20, however, since that device remains stationary whereas the receiving portion 22 is moved and, therefore, more likely to

The screenshot shows the 'EAST Advanced Find' dialog box. The 'Find what:' field contains the text 'Frequ'. Under 'Match word', the 'Whole word' option is selected. In the 'Look in' section, 'Grid' is checked. The 'Match case' checkbox is unchecked. On the right side of the dialog, there are buttons for 'End', 'Next', 'Close', and 'Help'.

LAST Browser - 120: (15) 19 and synch... | US 5751741 A | Tag: S | Doc 12/15 | Format: KWIC

File Edit View Tools Window Help

L20: (15) 19 and synch... | US 5751741 A | Tag: S | Doc 12/15 | "Full" 1/13 (Total Images 13)

United States Patent 5,751,741

Volth et al.

(11) Patent Number: 5,751,741
(43) Date of Patent: May 12, 1998

(54) RATE-ADAPTED COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR EFFICIENT BUFFER UTILIZATION THEREOF

(75) Inventor: Raymond Paul Volth; Suite 800, BellSouth George Headquarters, all of Austin, Tex.

(73) Assignee: Motorola, Inc., Schaumburg, Ill.

(21) Appl. No.: 754,748
(22) Filed: Nov. 26, 1996
(51) Int. Cl.⁴ H03M 13/23
(52) U.S. Cl. 371/37.7; 370/914; 371/1.2;
371/37.02; 371/37.7; 370/914
(54) Field of Search 371/37.7; 370/914

(56) References Cited

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Primary Examiner—Stephen M. Baker
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—David D. Hill; Paul J. Pototsky

(57) ABSTRACT

A transceiver (54) includes a rate adaptation buffer (74) that synchronizes a data stream received at a 4.0 mbps rate to a data stream that is transmitted at a 4.0 mbps rate. A transmit section (62) includes four successive modules which are able to access the data in the rate adaptation buffer (74) independently of one another. These four modules include a CRC scrambler (72), an FEC encoder (76), an interleaver (78), and a rate adaptation module (80). A receive section (82) performs deinterleaving, a rate adaptation module (84) performs correction for errors in the rate adaptation buffer (74). In addition, each of the four modules perform their respective functions quickly enough to prevent overflow or underflow conditions in the rate adaptation buffer (74). A receive section (64) functions similarly to the transmit section (62).

18 Claims & Drawing Sheets

TO DSP ENGINE AND PERIPHERALS 5

FROM DSP ENGINE AND PERIPHERALS 5

13 US 5699369 A 19971216 27 Adaptive forward error correction system and method 714/

14 US 5699365 A 19971216 14 Apparatus and method for adaptive forward error 714/

15 US 5677927 A 19971014 46 Ultrawide-band communication system and method 375/

Details Text Image HTML KWIC

Details Text Image HTML KWIC

United States Patent (19)

Volth et al.

(11) Patent Number: 5,751,741
 (45) Date of Patent: May 12, 1998

(54) RATE-ADAPTED COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR EFFICIENT BUFFER UTILIZATION THEREOF

(75) Inventor: Raymond Paul Volth; Scott Rishman; George Heukstra, all of Austin, Tex.

(73) Assignee: Motorola, Inc., Schaumburg, Ill.

(21) Appl. No.: 784,768
 (22) Filed: Nov. 26, 1996
 (31) Int. Cl. 363M 13/22
 (51) U.S. Cl. 371/37.7; 370/914; 371/2.2;
 371/7.2
 (38) Field of Search 371/37.7; 370/914

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Primary Examiner—Stephen M. Baker
 Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Daniel D. Hill; Paul J. Potashny

(57) ABSTRACT

A transceiver (34) includes a rate adaptation buffer (74) that synchronizes a data stream received at a 4.0 kHz rate to a data stream that is transmitted at a 4.05 kHz rate. A transmit section (62) includes four submodules which are able to access the data in the rate adaptation buffer (74) independently of one another. These four submodules include a COFDM encoder (72), a FEC encoder (76), an interleaver (78), and a scrambling encoder (80). A timing controller (84) prevents contention for access to the rate adaptation buffer (74). In addition, each of the four modules perform their respective functions quickly enough to prevent overflow or underflow conditions in the rate adaptation buffer (74). A receive section (64) functions similarly to the transmit section (62).

18 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets

FROM DSP ENGINE AND PERIPHERALS 5

TRANSMIT SECTION 62

RECEIVE SECTION 64

Detailed Description Text - DETX (4):

This allows the synchronization of the 4.0 kHz rate of a superframe having 68 frames to the 4.05 kHz rate of a superframe having 69 frames (68 payload frames plus a synchronization frame) without using a large amount of memory. Thus, the size and cost required to implement the ADSL transceiver is reduced.

Details Text Image HTML KWIC

13	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5699369 A	19971216	27	Adaptive forward error correction system and method	714/
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5699365 A	19971216	14	Apparatus and method for adaptive forward error	714/
15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5677927 A	19971014	46	Ultrawide-band communication system and method	375/

Details Text Image HTML

[IAST Browser - L20: (15) 19 and synch... | US 5699365 A | Tag: 5 | Doc 14/15 | Format: KWIC]

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L20: (15) 19 and synch... | US 5699365 | Tag: 5 | Doc: 14/15 | Full | 1/14 (Total 14 pages)

L20: (15) 19 and synch... | US 5699365 A | Tag: 5 | Doc 14/15 | Format: KWIC

United States Patent [19]
Klayman et al.

US0369359A

[11] Patent Number: 5,699,365
[14] Date of Patent: Dec. 16, 1997

[54] APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR ADAPTIVE FORWARD ERROR CORRECTION IN DATA COMMUNICATIONS

[75] Inventor: Jeffrey T. Klayman, Custer, John A., Pervez, Hopkins, Barbara Unger, Wrenham Stephen Schroeder, Somerville, MA, Mass.

[73] Assignee: Motorola, Inc., Schaumburg, IL

[21] Appl. No.: 08/449,499
[22] Filed: Mar 27, 1996
[31] Int. Cl.: H03M 13/00
[52] U.S. Cl.: 377/5.5; 377/14.1
[58] Field of Search: 377/5.5, 35, 41

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Priority Examiner—Stephen M. Baker
Attorney Agent or Firm—Nancy R. Gumbert; Jeffrey T. Klayman

46 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets

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graph LR
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        150 --> 170[INTERFACE]
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US-PAT-NO: 5699365
DOCUMENT- US 5699365 A
IDENTIFIER:

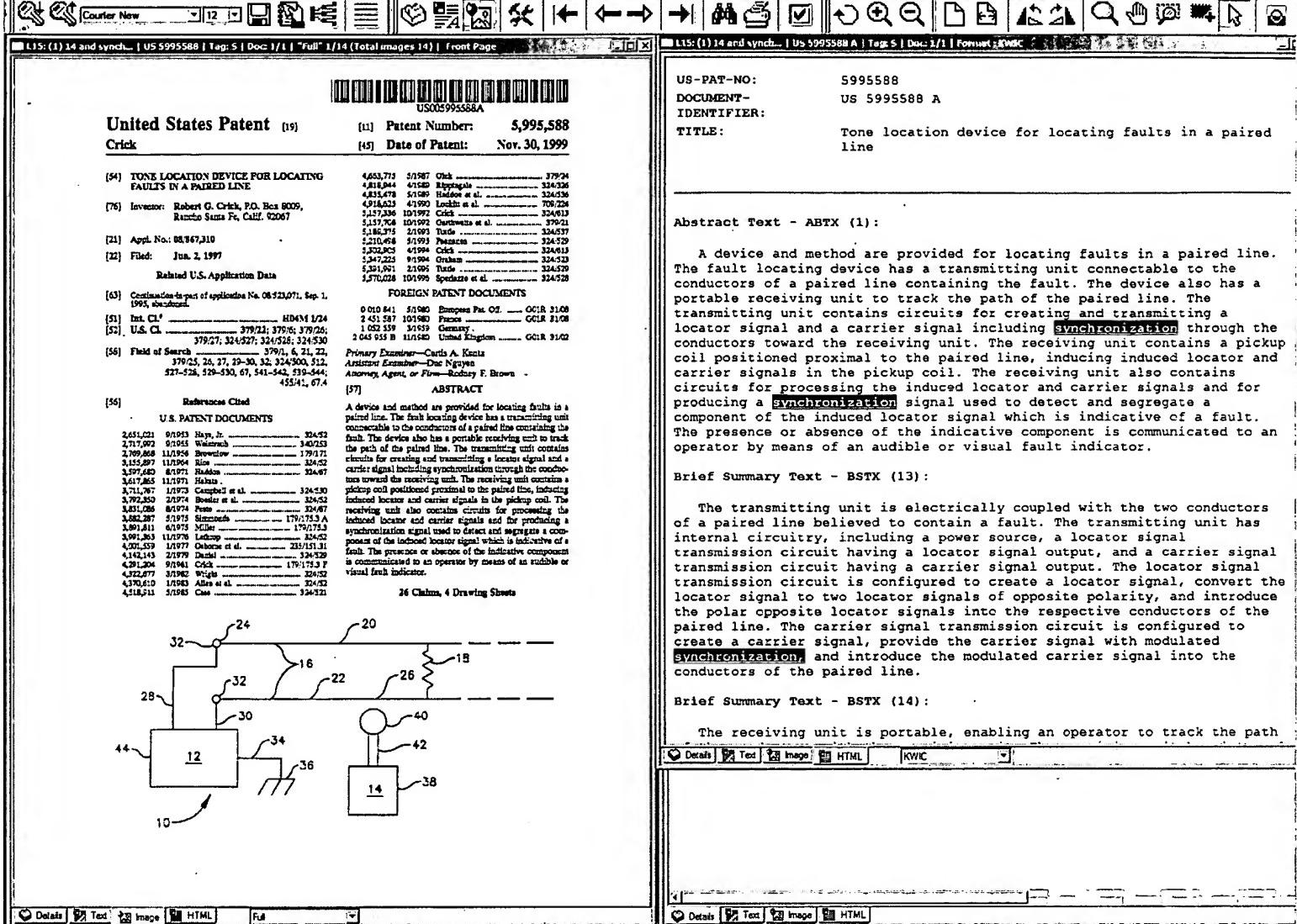
TITLE: Apparatus and method for adaptive forward error correction in data communications

US Patent No. - PN (1):
5699365

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (6):

For such asynchronous data transmission, it is highly desirable to organize data into recognizable formats or packets for reliable detection by the receivers of the primary station or the secondary station. In the CableComm.™ System, the initial portion (or preamble) of the data packet contains timing or synchronization information for accurate data transmission. Following the timing information is encoded data, which may be encoded for both security (encryption) and for error correction. Following the encoded data are error correction information (as encoded bits) and also additional error detection information in the form of cyclic redundancy check (CRC) bits. One difficulty with inclusion of such error correction information is that such inclusion increases the overall packet size, adding overhead for data transmission and correspondingly decreasing data throughput. Secondly, the inclusion of such error correction information typically increases the system response time or latency, due to the time which may be consumed in the error correction encoding and decoding processes. In addition, there may be situations, such as low noise conditions, in which inclusion of such error correction information may be unnecessary, and higher data throughput may be achieved without the additional overhead of error correction information. Various prior art methods for providing error correction capability, however, typically provided only for a fixed error correction capability, without regard for other opportunities to increase data throughput, for low noise conditions, or for needs to decrease response latency. Accordingly, a need has remained for an apparatus and method to provide for adaptive and flexible error correction capability, providing sufficient error correction for accurate data reception while simultaneously providing for overhead minimization for increased data throughput, and for such an apparatus and method to respond and adapt to potentially changing and variable communication channel conditions.

					KWIC	
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5699369 A	19971216	27	system and method for Adaptive forward error correction system and method. 714/
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5699365 A	19971216	14	Apparatus and method for Adaptive forward error
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5677927 A	19971014	46	Ultrawide-band communication system and method 375/



L20: (15) 19 and synch... | US 6493402 B1 | Tag: S | Doc 5/15 | Full * 1/39 (Total Images 39)

US-PAT-NO: 6493402
DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6493402 B1
TITLE: Mode control for trellis decoder

Abstract Text - ABTX (1):

A transmitter transmits, and a receiver receives, a data frame transmitted into an 8 MHZ channel. The data frame contains a plurality of data segments, where each of the data segments contain DS symbols. The DS symbols include data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The transmitter trellis encodes the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The receiver trellis decodes the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The data frame also contains a mode control ID which the receiver uses in trellis decoding the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols.

US Patent No. - PN (1):
6493402

Parent Case Text - PCTX (2):

The following copending applications disclose subject matter claimed herein: (1) application Ser. No. 09/321,392 filed on May 27, 1999 and entitled Trellis Coded Modulation System For Digital Television With Convolutionally Coded Data and Synchronization Symbols; (2) application Ser. No. 09/321,462 filed on May 27, 1999 and entitled Viterbi Decoder For A Positive Comb Filtered Digital Television Signal; (3) application Ser. No. 09/321,294 filed on May 27, 1999 and entitled Mode Identification for a Digital Signal Having Multiple Data Constellations Subject to Interference; (4) U.S. Pat. No. 6,246,431 entitled Digital Television System For Reducing Co-Channel Interference in 8 MHZ Channels; and, the present application Ser. No. 09/321,798 filed on May 27, 1999 and entitled Data Frame for 8 MHZ Channels.

Brief Summary Text - BSTX (13):

The twelve precoders and trellis encoders interleave the bit pairs so that each bit pair in a first byte of data is processed by a first precoder and trellis encoder, so that each bit pair in a second byte of

KWIC					
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14	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	US 5699365 A	19971216	14
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	US 5677927 A	19971014	46

(22) United States Patent
Fimoff(10) Patent No.: US 6,493,402 B1
(15) Date of Patent: Dec. 10, 2002

(54) MODE CONTROL FOR TRELLIS DECODER

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• cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Stephen Chin

Assistant Examiner—Kevin Kim

(57) ABSTRACT

A transmitter transmits, and a receiver receives, a data frame transmitted into an 8 MHZ channel. The data frame contains a plurality of data segments, where each of the data segments contain DS symbols. The DS symbols include data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The transmitter trellis encodes the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The receiver trellis decodes the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols. The receiver also decodes a mode control ID which the receiver uses in trellis decoding the data symbols, priming symbols, and segment synchronization symbols.

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14 Claims, 1 Drawing Sheet

